Namibia Country Window:

Energy System Transformation Outlook (ESTO)



19 March 2024



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ABOUT US

GET.transform Our Technical Approach

NAMIBIA ESTO

Challenges and Opportunities Namibia's Energy Vision Energy Snapshot; Key Stakeholders; Market Structure Regulation and Policy Instruments Identified Support Opportunities

COUNTRY WINDOW

Country Window Set-Up Interaction with GIZ Namibia Energy Portfolio Alignment with Other Donors

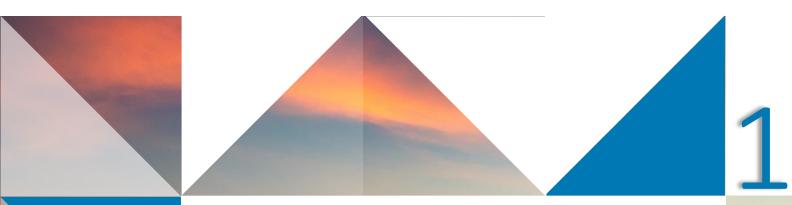




Abbreviations

Term	Meaning	Term	Meaning	
ANNA	Angola – Namibia	NUST	Namibia University of Science and Technology	
BESS	Battery Energy Storage System	PPA	Power Purchase Agreement	
DBN	Development Bank of Namibia	PUE	Productive use of energy	
ECB	Electricity Control Board of Namibia	PV	Photo-voltaic	
EELA	Energy Efficient Lighting and Appliances (EELA) project	RE	Renewable Energy	
EIB	European Investment Bank	REFIT	Renewable Energy feed-in tariff	
ESI	Electricity Supply Industry	SACREEE	SADC Centre for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency	
HVDC	High Voltage Direct Current	SAEP	Southern Africa Energy Program	
MSB	Modified Single-Buyer	SANA	South Africa - Namibia	
MW	Mega Watt	SAPP	Southern Africa Power Pool	
NamPower	Namibia Power Corporation Pty Ltd	SOLTRAIN	Southern African Solar Thermal Training and Demonstration	
NDP	National Development Plan	UNDP	Initiative United Nations Development Programme	
NIRP	National Integrated Resource Plan			





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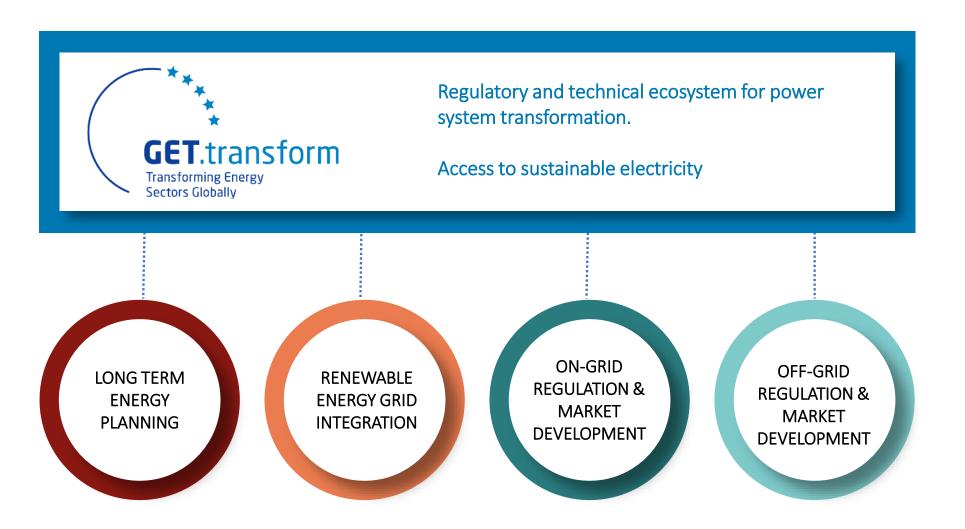
European technical assistance programme supporting national and regional public partners in Africa and Latin America

- To advance their power sector transformations; and
- To contribute to knowledge sharing and mainstreaming of country and regional experiences.





GET.transform Workstreams





Our Approach to Technical Assistance

LONG TERM **ENERGY PLANNING**



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Updating of technical power system planning and operational procedures that enable the operation of renewable energy dominated power systems

ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Supporting institutional reforms that allow for new market actors and renewable energy participation: market model design, nondiscriminatory grid access, cost-reflective services Design and management of solicited auctions as well as market-driven mechanisms for procuring on-grid energy



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Developing electrification pathways building on socioeconomic development and productive-use policies Design and management of award mechanisms for procuring off-grid energy



Visit Our Global Activity Navigator



Long-Term Energy Planning



On-Grid Regulation & Market Development



Off-Grid Regulation & Market Development



Renewable Energy Grid Integration





NAMIBIA ESTO







Foreword

The purpose of the Energy System Transformation Outlook (ESTO) is to document a high-level summary of the electricity landscape in Namibia and to present the outcome of a high-level overview and assessment that followed a 'review, interview, identify' approach.

REVIEW PHASE

Focused on a **desk-top review** of a multitude of publicly available energy and power sector publications.

1

PHASES

INTERVIEW PHASE

Focused on further discussions with the key public sector actors (MME, NamPower, and ECB) to identify potential needs, opportunities and gaps, and culminated in the public sector actors formally expressing their key priority needs.

IDENTIFY PHASE

The identify phase focused on defining potential technical assistance and capacity building projects that will strongly support the power transition in Namibia, and that GET.transform is well positioned to support. It also provides a starting point for further engagement with the public sector and other donor and development agencies.

3

The ESTO is not a formula of what should be done by the country or the public sector actors.

The ESTO is a means of obtaining feedback to enrich our understanding of the power sector in Namibia and to identify support activities and synergies with other donor and development agencies.



Challenges and Opportunities

Local Generation is only 29% of Demand (2022).		
Heavy Reliance on Imports from SAPP of up to 71% Small population spread over large geographic area resulting in systemic challenges to	The country has ambitions to increase local generation from 29% to 80% by 2028	 Receptive government and clear ambitions. The electricity industry is cost reflective A Common understanding of the need for interagency coordination. MSB legislation is in place which provides a framework for IPP entry
generation and electrification No off-grid regulations while rural electrification only 25%. Generation planning at distribution level absent.	The off-grid sector can benefit from the large RE resources of solar and wind	 Solar well accepted in society as an energy source making roll-out possible. Off-grid regulation and implementation also a priority for Government RE developers already present and active in Namibia



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Namibia's Energy Vision

To become a regional leader in the development and deployment of renewable energy within the Southern African Development Community (SADC) Renewable Energy Policy, 2017



ENERGY SECURITY to support economic growth & attract foreign direct investment Renewable energy sources can play an increasingly important role in providing reliable, affordable and environmentally sound energy, while enhancing energy access including through decentralised solutions.

INDUSTRIALISATION

Energy is acknowledged as one of the key drivers for economic development. Industrialisation around the green hydrogen strategy and energy policy and technologies would bring certainty for industrial investment and provide more jobs.

CLEAN ENERGY ACCESS

to alleviate poverty and improve quality of life

Goal is to increase access to electricity services using innovative technological, public and private sector participation and funding approaches for the benefit of all Namibians and thereby reaching universal access by 2040.

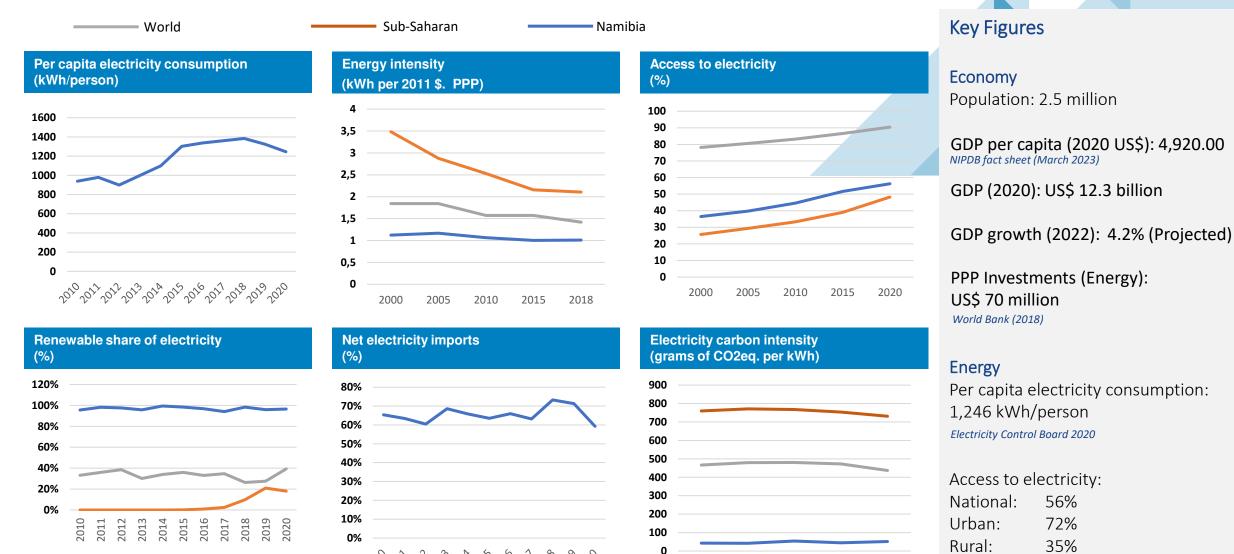
Vational Integrated Resource Plan දි **ENERGY SUPPLY** that is sufficient to support the country's developmental goals

Develop domestic power generation infrastructure to reduce the current dependency on imports from 70% to 30% by 2028. Develop transmission and distribution infrastructure necessary to enable wheeling to load centres and crossborder markets (SAPP)



PROVIDE

Energy Snapshot



2000

2005

2010

2015

2020

NIPDB fact sheet (March 2023)

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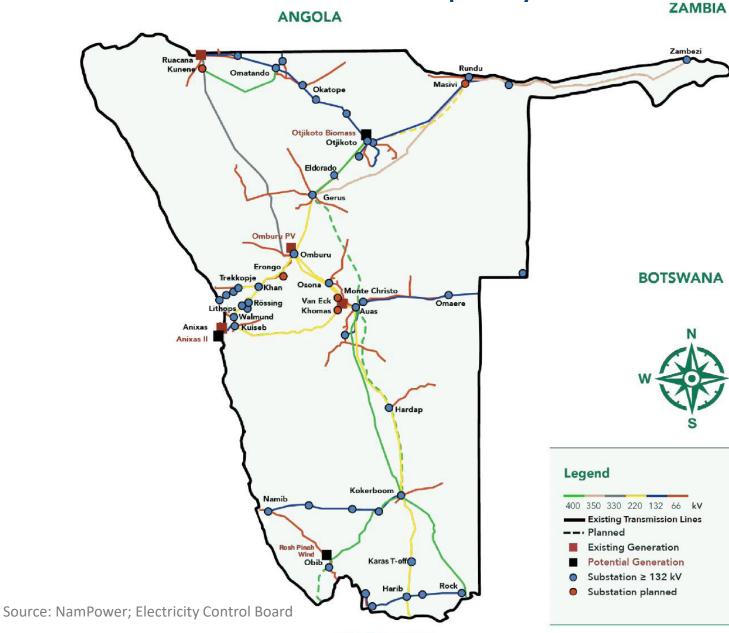
Solar /Wind % of Local generation

——RE % of Local generation

13 Source: Electricity Control Board 2020, OurWorldInData.org and data.worldbank.org.

2012 2012 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2012 2018 2019 2019

Generation Mix & Installed Capacity



Key Statistics for Namibia (2021/22)

Installed capacity: 638 MW Energy consumption: 3 983 GWh Local generation: 1 155.07 GWh Imported energy: 2 827.93 GWh

Capacity of Interconnectors

Zambezi: 350 kV HVDC; operated at 300 MW (600 MW capacity) ANNA: 400 kV planned, 600 MW capacity SANA: 400 kV, 600 MW capacity

Carbon Intensity

Namibia 64 gCO2e South Africa 717 gCO2e

Installed Capacity

NamPower

IPP-REFIT

IPP-Hardap

IPP-Omburu

IPP-Greenham1

IPP-Greenham2

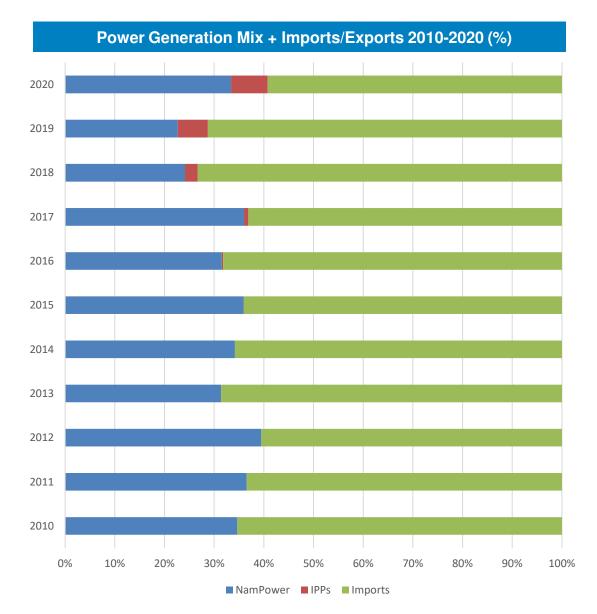
Hydro – 347 MW Diesel / HFO – 22.5 MW Solar PV – 20.0 MW Coal – 120 MW

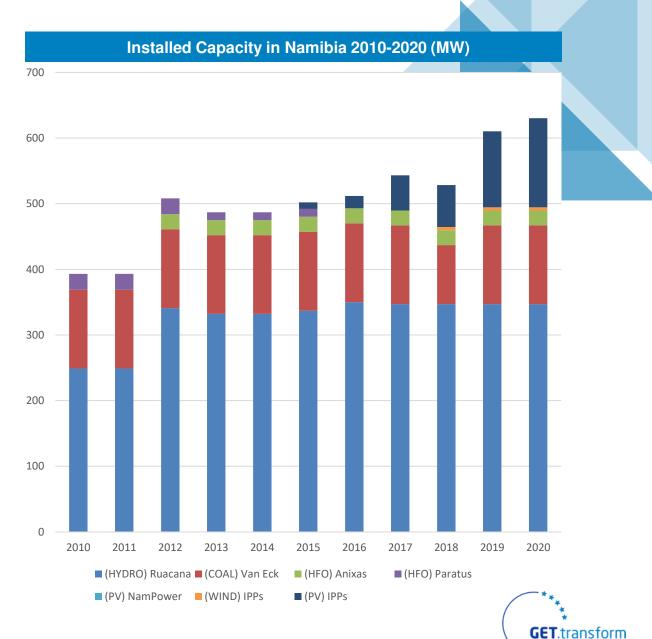
Solar PV – 65 MW Wind – 5 MW

Solar PV – 37 MW Solar PV – 37 MW Solar PV – 37 MW Solar PV – 37 MW



Generation Mix & Installed Capacity





15 Source: Own elaboration based on NamPower Annual Reports and ECB Stats.

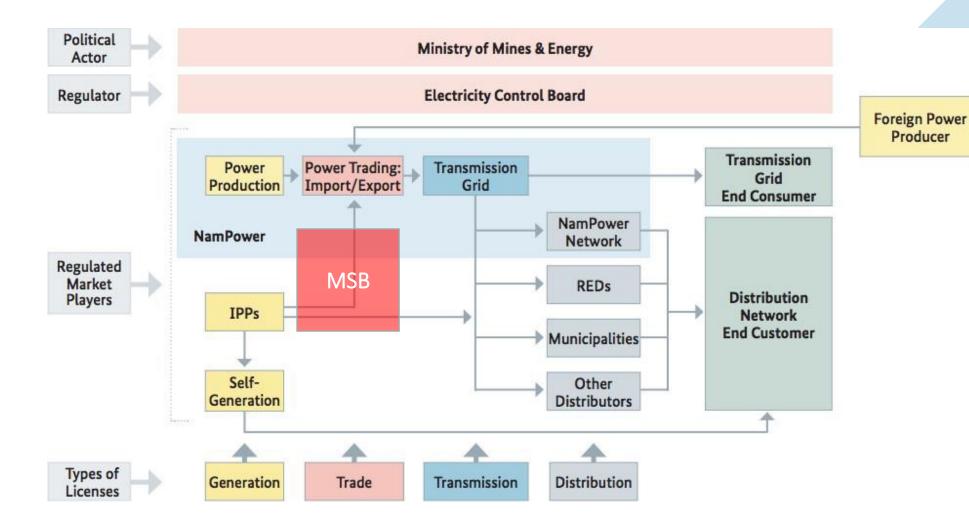
Key Stakeholders in Current Power Supply Market

Institution		Description		
Ministry of Energy and Mines (MME)	Ministry of Mines & Energy	The Energy Directorate of the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME) is responsible for the implementation of energy policies and for enforcing the legal requirements of energy legislation (Electricity Act, 2007) and regulations. Further, the directorate researches new and renewable sources of energy. The mandate of the Energy Directorate is to ensure an adequate and affordable energy supply in a sustainable manner taking advantage of natural resources in support of the nation's socio-economic development.		
Electricity Control Board of Namibia (ECB)	ELECTRICITY CONTROL BOARD	The Electricity Control Board (ECB) is a statutory regulatory authority established in 2000 under the Electricity Act 2 of 2000. The Act has subsequently been repealed by the Electricity Act, 4 of 2007, thereby expanding the ECB mandate and responsibilities. The core mandate of the ECB is to exercise control over the electricity supply industry with the main responsibility of regulating electricity generation, transmission, distribution, supply, import and export in Namibia through setting tariffs and issuance of licenses.		
Namibia Power Corporation (NamPower)	NamPower	Namibia Power Corporation (Proprietary) Limited (NamPower) is the national state-owned power utility. NamPower is designated as a commercial public enterprise and as such reports to the Ministry of Public Enterprises (MPE), as per the provisions of the Public Enterprises Governance Act 1 of 2019 ("PEGA Act"), now incorporated with the Ministry of Finance. NamPower also has a reporting obligation to the Ministry of Mines and Energy, as the government entity responsible for establishing policy in the country's energy sector. NamPower is responsible for generation, transmission, energy trading, and (to a lesser extent) the distribution of electricity in Namibia.		
Modified Single Buyer Market		Modification of the Single Buyer model is now legislated. MSB will allow electricity consumers and Independent Power Producers (IPPs) to transact with each other directly for the supply of electricity. NamPower is responsible for the ring-fenced operation of the Modified Single Buyer.		
Private Sector Self- Generators and/or IPPs		Key private sector players include solar (PV) and wind generators that supply some 140 MW into the national (NamPower) grid through various PPA's.		
Import Platform	SAPP	NamPower imports electricity through the Southern African Power Pool (SAPP) via its Energy Trading System to complement supply and meet demand. Namibia envisages being a net exporter [to the SAPP] as opposed to a net importer after the implementation of the planned projects in the near future.		

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Electricity Industry Market Structure



Key Takeaways

The Ministry of Mines & Energy (MME) provides political and policy oversight.

Regulatory oversight by the Electricity Control Board (ECB) is independent but needs the approval of the Minister (MME) for activation.

ECB to become the "Energy" regulator once the Energy Bill, 2019 is passed in Parliament.

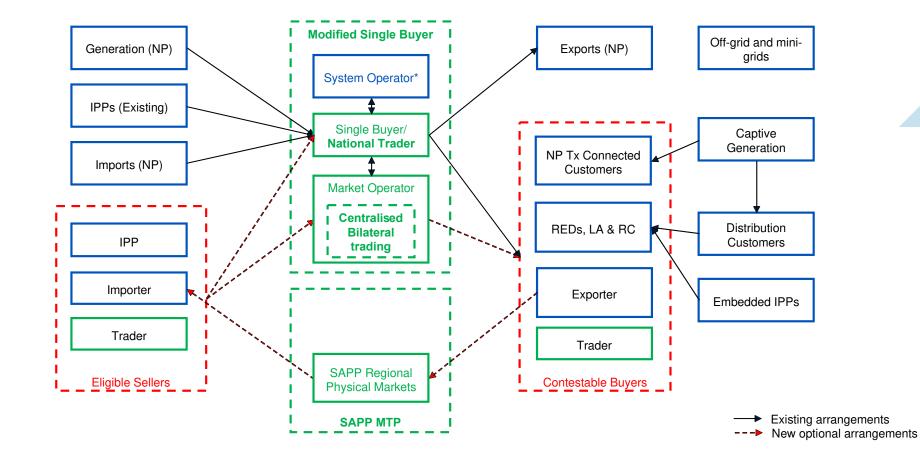
Namibia's distribution providers can be "off-takers" from IPPs under MSB rules.

Traders are now an active class of licensees.



Source: Own elaboration based on MME, ECB and HATCH

Modified Single Buyer



Sourceown elaboration based on MME, ECB and HATCH

Key Takeaways

The Modified Single Buyer (MSB) provides a further liberated electricity market.

Phase 1b increases private sector participation by allowing licenses to Traders other than NamPower.

MSB allocation of 683 MW (100%) already at 81% (552 MW) *NamPower Annual Report* 2022

NamPower is the supplier of last resort.

Balancing mechanisms are still to be resolved.

Need for cross-border contracts that are accepted in SAPP.



Regulation and Energy Policy Instruments

Namibian Independence (21 March)

- Establishes Namibia as an independent country
- Creates Namibian Ministries and state institutions.

Electricity Act

2000

- Regulates the generation, transmission, distribution and supply of electricity via licences.
- Establishes the ECB as a "Juristic Person"

- National Energy Policy (NEP)
- Replaces 1998 White Paper
- Enshrines environment / sustainability into energy planning
- Transparent processes

2017

National Independent Power Producter Policy

• Attract investors

2018

- Focuses on generation assets
- Allows RE and non-RE

Modified Single Buyer Rules

- Formalises bilateral trading, introducing trading as a licensed activity for others.
- Allows ECB to consider increasing bilateral trade levels

2022

1990 > 1998



Energy Policy White Paper

- Developed by the Energy Policy Committee of the MME, stating these energy policy goals:
- Effective energy sector governance
- Security of supply
- Social upliftment
- Investment and growth
- Economic competitiveness
- and efficiency, Sustainability

Electricity Act

- Repeals "2000 Act"
- Expands the ECB mandate as a "Juristic Person"
- Electricity Bill 2019 to replace Electricity Act, 2007

National Renewable Energy Policy

2017

- Enable expanded use of RE
- Boosting investor confidence
- RE Levels NIRP dependent
- Non-hydro RE needed

Modified Single Buyer Strategy

2019

- The CRSE has been installed in Formalises bilateral trading that excludes NamPower
- Increases competition at IPP and off-taker levels



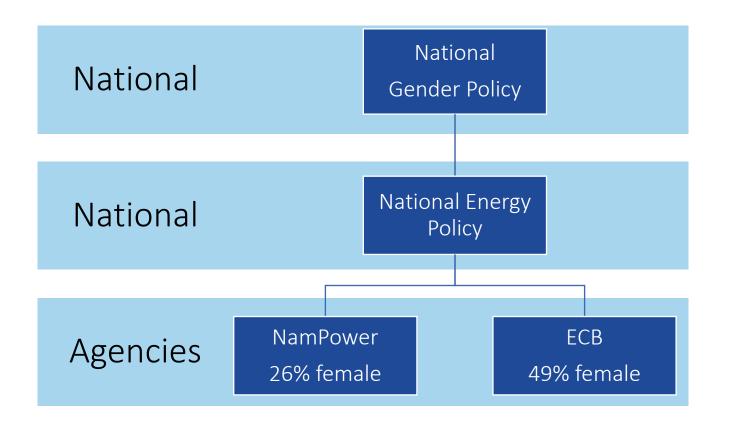
Regulation and Energy Policy Instruments

Key Takeaways

- Electricity supply in Namibia is cost reflective but with high import levels of electricity.
- Locally installed generation is skewed towards hydro and the risk factor surrounding dependency on hydro is taking a toll.
- The introduction of the Modified Single Buyer (MSB) is a step in the right direction for private sector participation.
- Namibia's electricity industry is receptive to private sector investment but has confined this to generation, off-grid and export of electricity.
- Continue developing MSB Market Rules, electrification, and off-grid regulations.



Other Policies: Gender



Source: Annual Reports

Key Takeaways

National Gender Policy (2010-2020) provides overarching policy direction for gender mainstreaming in all areas of national life. Aligns with International and Regional protocols.

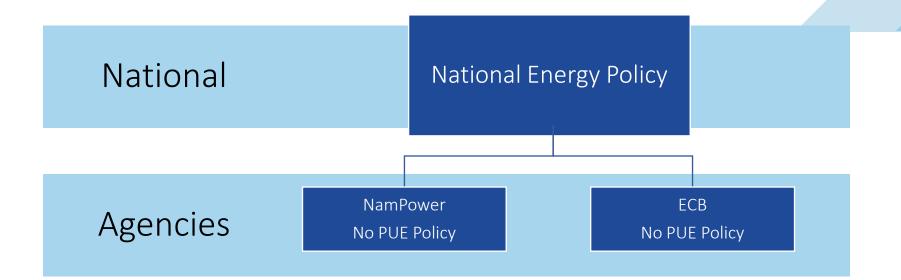
National Energy Policy seeks to mainstream Gender, promoting equality and equity across the energy sector.

NamPower is committed to equal employment opportunities and targeting females for promotions, bursaries, and scholarships.

The ECB seeks a balance of gender and age. Its gender balance is close to the national level of 50%.



Other Policies: Productive Use of Energy (PUE)



Key Takeaways

National Energy Policy looks at how local energy sources can be developed for productive uses (PUE).

National Energy Policy Encourages PUE to improve affordability. (Also enshrined in the National Electrification Policy).

National Energy Policy wants incentives for discovery, development and productive use. – Bioenergy, Solar and Wind.

PUE seen as supporting job creation and narrowing inequality.

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Source: Annual Reports

GET.transform Advisory Services

	LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING	RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION	ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT	OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT	
		Building			
	Knowledge Products				
Overarching Peer-to-Peer Exchanges					
Activities	Technical Assistance				
	Governance	Grid Access Codes & Grid Impact Studies	Market Model Design	Integrated Electrification Planning	
	Scenarios & Modelling Transmission System Planning & Operation with vRE Economic and Tec	Economic and Technical	Economic & Technical Regulation		
	Adoption & Implementation	Distribution System Planning & Operation with vRE	Regulation	Procurement of Access Technologies	
Key Topics	Investment Opportunity Promotion	Introduction of Sector-Coupling Technologies	Procurement of RE Generation	Productive Use of Energy	



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Energy Planning and Research Division is a division in the Directorate of Energy at MME. It is engaged in conducting research and compiling statistics regarding power generation, transmission, import/export, and distribution of electricity as well as primary energy resource development including renewable sources of energy as the basis for policy advice.

5th National Development Plan (NDP 5)

The Development Plan noted the need to boost local generation and looked to increase it from 484 MW (2016), to 755 MW in 2022. It also introduced the "promotion" of Independent Power Producers (IPPs). The aim is to discourage monopolies and drive down costs through competition.

2017 National Integrated Resource Plan (NIRP)

The NIRP is a 20-year development plan for Namibia's Electricity Supply Industry, spanning the period between 2016 and 2035. One of the targets of the NIRP is to meet 75% of energy demand through local generation.

This NIRP provides the context for the current (2022-2023) NIRP Update which will cover the period 2022 - 2041.



ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



- Need for an embedded adviser to support energy transition and planning topics
- Need for decision-maker training on energy planning methods and the use of modelbased energy scenarios
- Support for the integration of energy planning considerations into the creation process for the 6th National Development Plan (NDP 6), which will be a review and update of NDP 5.
- Support in continuous and holistic long-term energy planning in preparation of, e.g., future updates of the NIRP



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Identified Technical Assistance OPPORTUNITIES

- Review of the NIRP and other strategic energy planning documents.
- Reviewing and enhancing governance structures and strengthening intra- and inter-agency governance structures for energy planning.
- Reviewing and enhancing data governance and management
- Building and Strengthening of capacities for long-term energy planning for public sector partners, including the interpretation and use of model-based scenarios
- Capacity building on sustainable open-source or commercial energy and power sector modelling tools to support decision-making
- Fostering cooperation between decision-making and academia to further develop modelling and energy planning expertise through education
- Assistance with Long-term Energy Planning and NIRP implementation

- Alignment of NIRP implementation and MSB expectations
- Assessment of strategies to adress energy efficiency, flexibility of electricity demand, storages and to meet the demand of residual electricity need
- Investigate Hydro / Solar / Wind balancing to increase the share of non-hydro renewables
- Support to data management and correlation of planning and implementation
- Assessment of the role of green hydrogen as an energy carrier for the energy sector and as an output product of the energy sector



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Several policies and regulations exist that support RE Grid Integration:

National Energy Policy, 2017

National Renewable Energy Policy, 2017

National Independent Power Producer Policy, 2018

Modified Single Buyer Strategy, 2019

Modified Single Buyer Rules, 2022



ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



- Need for mapping of renewable energy infrastructure to be coordinated with the World Bank
- Both NAMPOWER and ECB expressed the need for technical support to assess the transmission requirements to evacuate wind, solar and excess power from green hydrogen projects from the renewable energy transmission corridor (Luderitz area)
- The Regional Electricity Distributors highlighted the need to assess hosting capacity of the distribution network and the potential impact of embedded/distributed generation on the distribution network
- The ECB highlighted the need for a study that asses the transmission capacity requirements of large RE plants for exports under the MSB



LONG TERM



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Identified Technical Assistance OPPORTUNITIES

- Build capacity on Renewable Energy Integration
- Build capacity on combined demand/load forecasting with generation (aligned ٠ with Long-term Energy Planning)
- Investigate hydro/solar/wind balancing to increase the share of non-hydro renewables
- Study the necessary ancillary services relevant for different levels of RE integration
- Review Namibian grid codes for cross-border alignment, especially regarding their impact on export PPAs

- Conduct feasibility study on the Renewable Energy Transmission Corridor to evacuate wind/solar/green hydrogen
- Conduct feasibility study on the impact of the Large Scale RE Plants for export purposes on the transmission network
- Analyse hosting capacity of the distribution network expansion (REDs)
- Assess the impact of distributed/embedded generation on the distribution network



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Energy Policy, 2017

The policy seeks diversity in the market to help with socioeconomic development. It also notes Energy Efficiency (EE) and Demand-side Management (DSM) as tools Namibia can use as buffers for electricity supplies.

Energy Storage is highlighted as support to increasing grid stability surrounding increased solar and wind generation into the grid.

Electricity Act, 2007 / Energy Bill, 2019

The ECB will be ruling on MSB PPA's and Grid Code regulations need to be harmonized.

Modified Single Buyer Market Model (MSB) Market Rules, 2023

Issued as 221219 MSB Rules Government-Gazette No-7983. Operationalizes the Modified Single Buyer and provides for the rules of bilateral transactions. The rules bring Phase 1b into effect (1 July 2021 – 30 June 2026).



ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



- Need for support to achieve Namibia's local generation / self-sufficiency vision of 80% by 2028
- Need for an embedded adviser to support NIRP Implementation for timely generation rollout
- Need to understand the impact of independent transmission operator
- Need for a "balancing market" to support IPPs in accessing export markets
- Need for leading practice understanding of "how other markets reformed".
- Need for automation of licensing process
- Need for an automated trading platform



LONG TERM



RENEWABLE ENERGY

ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Identified Technical Assistance OPPORTUNITIES

- Support fast-tracking the implementation of NIRP generation projects:
 - Identify bottlenecks in the current procurement process
 - Develop standardised procurement/tendering process flow and • framework (process chart)
- Develop synergies with GET.invest advisory support to build bankable on-grid ٠ generation projects
- Review Namibian grid codes for cross-border alignment, especially regarding their impact on export PPAs
- Defining the ancillary services market for Namibia

- Review/Assessment of the transmission connection application process: streamlining the generation license application process with grid access application process
- Support automation for establishment of:
 - the Licensing System/Process (Regulation)
 - an automated trading platform (Energy trading)
- Operationalisation of the MSB with regards to integration into new markets and new generation offerings for export into the SAPP



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Off-Grid Electrification Policy, 2020

It covers minimum standards for households, schools, clinics and Government offices to be considered as having access but needs regulations developed

Namibia: Geospatial Least Cost Electrification Plan, 2021

Developed under World Bank support, the Geospatial Least Electrification Plan seeks to identify the state of electrification through a GIS lens. This report focuses on 2019 datasets thus stating that electrification is 50%.

Electrification Support Mechanism, 2021 - 2022

covers areas required for electrification and merges on and off-grid electrification through three routes:

National Electrification Policy National Electrification Funding Portfolio National Electrification Strategy

Renewable Energy Association

(Renewable Energy Industry Association of Namibia – REIAoN) A non-governmental association composed of 80 Members, of which 20 – 25% are Off-grid Installers. Other members are IPPs, Commercial Banks, Interested Parties, and others.



ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

- The ECB expressed the need for support to develop an off-grid regulation
- Need for mini-grid/micro-grid framework and templates for the Namibian context
- There is little understanding of how an off-grid market could unfold. There is a need to assess business cases and models for min-grid and micro-grid that fits to the Namibian context
- The Renewable Energy Association of Namibia expressed the need for support to their members in developing bankable off-grid projects



LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Identified Technical Assistance OPPORTUNITIES

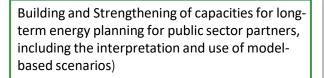
- Support the development of off-grid regulation and standards taking into account the pending approval process of the electrification support mechanisms
- Assessment of mini-grid/micro-grid business case and models for the Namibian context
- Support the mini-grid roll-out based on the Electrification Strategy through mini-grid/micro-grid auction frameworks and templates for Namibia – taking into account the pending approval process of the electrification support mechanisms

- Develop synergies with GET.invest advisory to support REIAoN members to build bankable off-grid generation projects
- Build capacity on legal, technical, financial and O&M aspects of minigrid/micro-grids for the regulator and the Distributor(REDs)



Priority Projects to Be Supported by GET.transform*

LONG TERM ENERGY PLANNING



Review of the NIRP and other strategic energy planning documents.

Reviewing and enhancing governance structures and strengthening intra- and inter-agency governance structures for energy planning.

Alignment of NIRP implementation and MSB expectations



RENEWABLE ENERGY GRID INTEGRATION

Capacity Building on Renewable Energy Integration

Feasibility study on the Renewable Energy Transmission Corridor to evacuate wind/ solar/ and green hydrogen

Feasibility study on the impact of the Large Scale RE Plants for export purposes on the Tx network

Study the necessary ancillary services relevant for different levels of RE integration



ON-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Support the fast-tracking of implementation of NIRP generation projects: Identify bottlenecks in the current procurement process, develop standardised procurement/tendering process flow and framework (develop a process chart)

Review/Assessment of the Tx connection application process: Streamlining the generation license application process with grid access application process

Defining the ancillary services market for Namibia



OFF-GRID REGULATION & MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Support the development of off-grid regulation and standards.

Capacity building on legal, technical financial and O&M aspects of mini-grid/microgrids for the regulator and the Distributor(REDs)

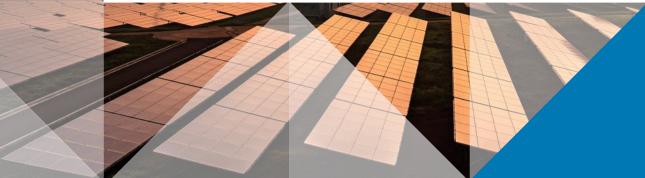


The table above includes all the requests for project support received from the public sector partners. The **green (current)** highlighted items are the priority projects supported by GET.transform



COUNTRY WINDOW SETUP







Country Window Setup



Interaction with GIZ Namibia Energy Portfolio

GLOBAL ENERGY PARTNERSHIP	GET.TRANSFORM	PTX HUB/ UNTERNEHMENSALLIANZ	GREEN PEOPLE'S ENERGY (GPE)
Green Hydrogen Policy Dialogue	Energy Transition	PtX Market Development	Rural Electrification, Productive Use and Capacity Development
Aligning political, donor and industry initiatives on green hydrogen	 Long-Term Energy Planning Building capacities for long-term energy planning for public sector partners, including the use of model-based scenarios 	Hydrogen and PtX regulatory and institutional framework	Electrification of rural social institutions
Support to and monitoring of political accords and MoUs	 Renewable Energy Grid Integration Capacity building on RE grid integration, Feasibility study on the impact of large-scale RE plants for export purposes on the transmission network 	Financing and Investment Schemes	SME financing and subsidy scheme
Support to industry flagship projects	 On- and Off-Grid Regulation and Market Development Support fast-tracking of implementing NIRP generation projects: identify bottlenecks in current procurement process, develop standardised procurement/tendering process framework 	Skill and capacity development	Policy advisory
			C**



Alignment with Other Development Partners

EU-SUP	PORTED			
GET.TRANSFORM	EU-TAF	WORLD BANK	KFW	AFDB
Renewable Energy, Rural Electrification	Sustainable Energy	Renewable Energy, Green Hydrogen, Electrification Policy Implementation	Renewable Energy, Rural Electrification	Renewable Energy, Peri-Urban Electrification
 Long-Term Energy Planning Building capacities for long-term energy planning for public sector partners, incl. the use of model-based scenarios Renewable Energy Grid Integration Capacity building on RE grid integration, Feasibility study on the impact of large- scale RE plants for export purposes on the transmission network On-Grid and Off-Grid Regulation and Market Development Support fast-tracking of implementing NIRP generation projects: identify bottlenecks in current procurement process, develop standardised procurement/tendering framework 	Assistance to Namibia address the regulatory requirements for the development and sustainable operation of the Renewable Hydrogen (RH2) sector	Support on renewables at strategic and operational level to operationalise the NIRP Support on energy access at strategic and operational level to operationalize the Electrification Support Mechanism Support on green hydrogen at strategic and operational level to operationalise the GH and Derivatives Strategy	Grant for support of the NamPower- GET FiT Namibia Programme for the development of a battery storage project Grant for support of the MME electrification mechanisms for increased electrification in rural and peri-urban areas. Loan facility for support of the NamPower-Renewable Energy Programme to develop Roshpinah solar PV park and DBN credit line for climate related infrastructure project	Grant for a study to upgrade peri- urban electrification of settlements. (targeting 40/50,000 houses) Grants for studies of the Baynes hydro project studies and the ZIZABONA interconnector project Support sustainable regional power off-take markets to enable the realization of VRE generation (Technical Assistance)
	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE		GRANTS	

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

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Thank You for Your Attention



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